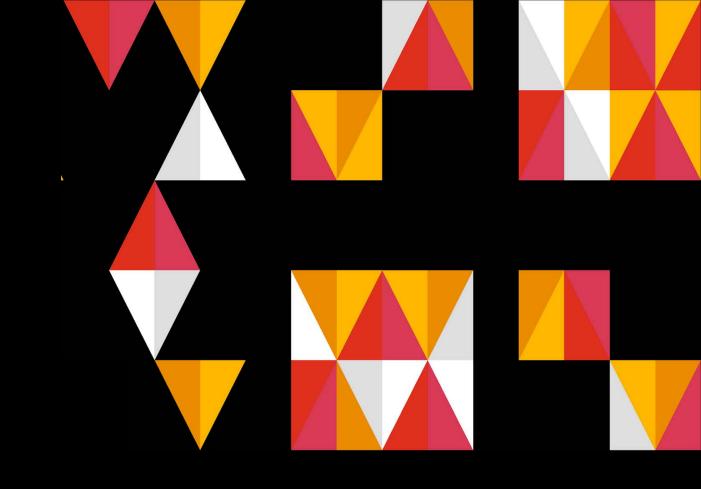


Impactful charity reporting – insights from PwC's Building Trust awards

10 March 2025







Introduction

Who I am

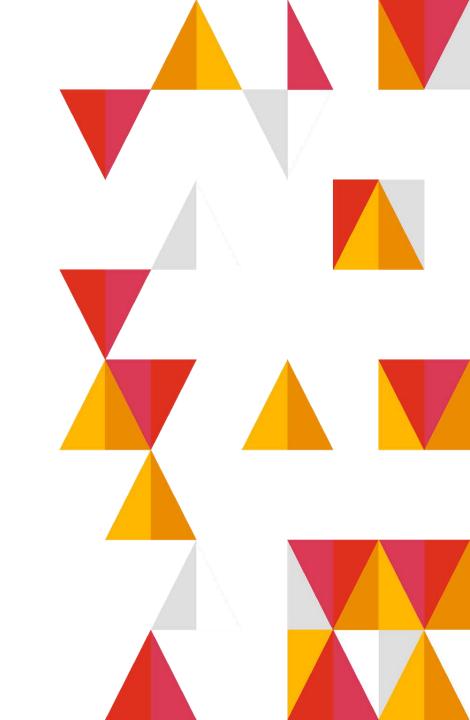


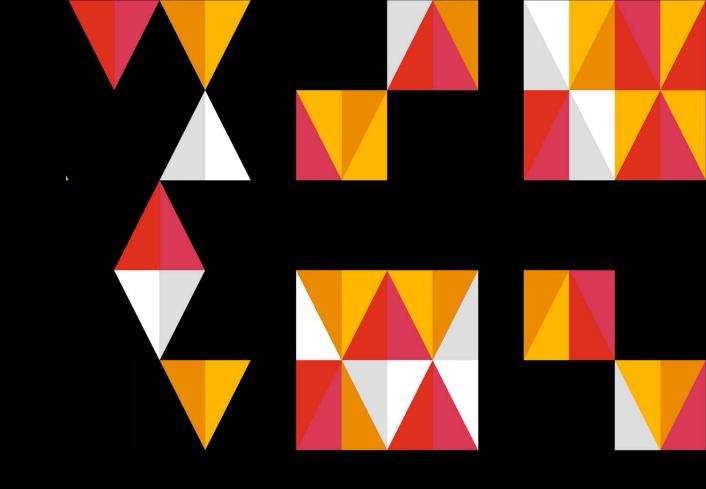
Katie Turnbull
Director and
Charities Award Lead

kathryn.turnbull@pwc.com

Agenda

- 1. PwC Building Trust Awards
- 2. Good practice charity reporting
- 3. Wider developments in charity reporting





PwC Building Trust Awards Reporting in Charities

Award criteria



Shortlisted charities



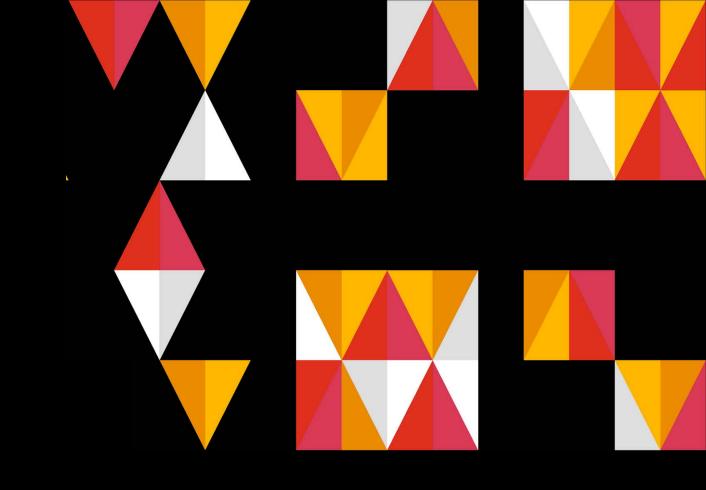


National Trust Annual Report 2022-23



Age UKWinner of the Reporting in Charities Award 2024





Good practice charity reporting

Key focus and themes

Charitable purpose and strategy

Governance and risks

Measures of success and impact

Innovation (including digital and accessibility)

Charitable purpose and strategy

Age UK

We campaign and research

We spent £12.0 million (2021/22 £10.1 million)

Our objective

We will make the greatest possible difference to the most disadvantaged older people in the UK through effective campaigning and influencing, underpinned by policy work and research.



Overview

Our six charity objectives

Our charitable objectives span across six areas of activity



Campaigning and research



Providing information and advice



Improving health and care services



Delivering wellbeing programmes and services



Supporting the Age UK network



Working internationally

Our three enablers

We'll deepen our relationships with our charity audiences We will develop deeper, two-way relationships so our charity audiences feel valued and engaged. and know that their role in helping older people is recognised and celebrated.

We'll strengthen our organisational capabilities and diversity

We will focus on strengthening our foundations, ensuring the support provided by our central services (such as IT, finance, and HR) is efficient, effective, and that we enable all colleagues to do their jobs well in an inclusive and diverse environment.

We'll build incremental and sustainable income growth Across all our income streams, we will invest in the long-term, sustainable growth needed to do more for older people.

We are driven by our values

When we work with older people, each other, and our stakeholders, our ambition is that:

We are focused on what has the most impact on older people.

We act together to get things done and achieve more.

We are **bold**, unafroid to stand up and do what's right.



Our impact in numbers



people signed our open letter calling for a social energy tariff.



10,387

Age UK compoigners contacted their MP to tell them how the cost-of-living crisis was affecting them.



12.6 million

people will immediately benefit from the UK Government listening to our colls



2.4 million

people will benefit from the UK. Government listening to our collis

to keep the qualifying age for prescription charges at 60."

National Trust



Our strategy

In 2022-23, we moved from recovering from the effects of the pandernic to being active across the full breadth of our strategs.

The six core thenes remain:

Looking after

We will care for places and grathere a souloisable future.

We will address summed access to nature beauty and belony

Urban places

Land and nature

We will require the state of nature in the UK.

Growing support

the will give propie pount apportunities to get involved and support our week.

Curation and experiences

We will make use one places keep enabling, attending people and imaning them.

People and resources

We will be an orchaine, welcoming and authorishly organization.

13

Two priorities continue to not across every aspect of our work.

'Climate Action'

by 2000 we aim to be carbon set onto, and will be adapting to climate change by taking account of its impact in the decisions we make.

'Everyone Welcome'

by 2030 we will better reflect the range of communities we serve.

We are now planning the next phase of our strategy, which will begin in 2025. However, our care purpose, to look after nature, beauty and forcery throughout England, Wales and Noothern brilland, continues to goode so as it has done used 895.

You can read more about work carried out to achieve our architions on pages 14 to 32.

Looking after

We will care for places for a sustainable future.

En primad of the Triet's conservation with over the part year. Some of my finyactive large-culti-projects have included the work to restore and integers many of the rosons at Dysham Park in South Glocic extension, and the romormation of the last of the great Gathers topestries from Handwick Hall in Stertyphine. But we've also spread worse those new techno en what we call fittle and often it will be supported in the content of the part of the part

John Orna-Ornatein, Director of Culture and Engagement

We provide a high standard of care for the collections, isotrions, gurdens, and houses we hold after. Much of what we do is. Sittle and offers' conservation, both persenties and responsible, to make sure that everyone can get to know the places and objects we look after, now and into the finance.

We are adapting our buildings and landscapes for climate smillence, using our hazard mapping tool to identify the places most at risk.

Our performance

We previously used the Conservation Performance Indicator ICPI process to assess the condition of assets that we care for CPI has served us well in teres of bringing beans together to talk about conservation but focused too heavily on subjective scoring and not enough on longer term thinking. We are addressing this indulators through the implementation of our Conservation Management Review (CMN) process. This will make conservation management planning and decision-making exert and above more effective performance measures to be in place from 2014-25.

How we are preserving assets

Clandon Park, Surrey

Work has began on the house at Clandon Park following the major fire in 2015. Our sistion involves restoring the extensor of the house, while bringing the interiors back to life in a caused version of their new, pote-fee state. The project will reveal much about the design and making of early Bith-emetary country houses. Total brick and economics regain were understaken to inform a major programme of reasoney conservation. The houseand gardien optimal to visitors over the spring and summer and housed a programme of renestings with local and rational stakeholders.

Durham Park Rework'd, Gloucestershire

We have created an rengaging and meaningful journey into the Eth century thanks to a huge project to revisalise, restore and relengate this Baroque boose and to grounds. Work has included re-graining of the Centat Hall, giving a licurious look to the original woodwork, the we-hanging of two Georgian choodeliers and all-weather paths installed on historic vourse.

Royal Oak Foundation Conservation Studio, Knole, Kent

Mechiar De Mondecorre, Sarkey, Green, Sheldack, confurber Fowl, as a lambiage with a Sarvens (1866–196), Derbero Park a Abbaught first particing was structurally in good condition, layers of variob applied over time to protect it, had yellowed its surface and blaveol details where it had saturated the colour. It was channel, Inniging it had to like to like before it was refused.

Looking forward

We will continue supporting the professional development of our curators by providing access to research grants, online masterclasses, curatorial retreats and training opportunities.

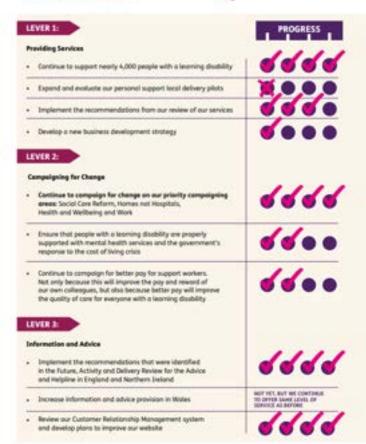
We will launch a new era of research and investigation with learning events to help our gardening teams enrich our gardens and parklands.

Measures of success and impact

Mencap

This is what we said we'd do this year:







LIVERA	PROGRESS
Research and Evaluation	dede
Publish the findings from our notional survey of people with a learning disability	
Publish our work research and develop an action plan based on recommendations.	444
Set up a new 'community of interest', made up of a diverse group of people outside our organisation, to share best practice and new research	9999
LEVERS	
Working with communities	
 Continue to test the community-led approach across all our inclusive community sites 	9999
Develop our family-led support plot in Newhorn and establish this model in further sites	9999
Embed our retail activities in communities	6666
 Expand and measure the impact of grant giving to individuals and communities, through our project, MyfunD 	444
THRIVING ORGANISATION:	
Focus on key cross	111
A new Digital and Technology Strategy	0000
Review our central enabling services	6660
Improve pay and reward	0000

1

Employment

Helping people into work

In England, we provide supported internships, study programmes and trainee schemes to help people with a learning disability into work. Living through the pandernic has had a lasting impact on our students. Many lost independence and skills and were anxious about leaving their homes and mixing with other people. As a result, their ambitions and aspirations have suffered.

We've responded to all the recommendations in our Ofsted report so we can improve our courses and showcase the quality of our programmes. Some of this is practical, other parts are about ensuring our governance mirrors that of a school or callege.

Key actions are:

- Improve Governance arrangements
- Increase quality assurance activity to give greater assurance and reduce inconsistencies
- Improve our curriculum and delivery model so the same approach is taken everywhere
- . Better use of data for reporting and scrutiny
- . Improve % of job outcomes

We never refuse support to anyone with a learning disability. But because we're a charity, local authorities sometimes refer people with the most complex needs to us, rather than people who could benefit most from our programmes. This is a major challenge.

In response we've introduced more careful recruitment and selection to find the people who will benefit most. We're also working on ways to guide people who aren't right for our programmes to other support 2022/23 academic year we had:

157 Supported Internships

42

Study Programme Learners.

63

Traineeship learners supported.

39%

of learners on a Supported Internship moved into paid work.

62%

of learners on our trainee schemes moved into pold work

6% moved into further education.

Governance and risks

Save the Children UK

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR MANAGING RISK

Role			Responsibilities	
Board of Trustees Audit and Risk Committee of the Board Executive Leadership Team Thematic management groups			Responsible for management and control of the charity Sets mandate and commitment for risk management and appetite Leads risk management culture Oversight of financial control and risk management, assurance and control effectiveness Implementation of the risk management framework to ensure effective management of risks in relation to Save the Children UK's objectives Drive for continuous improvement in risk management	
		d		
1	2	3	'Three lines' model	
Day-to-day risk systems and controls	Management assurance	Independent audit and assurance	it Independent risk audit and day- assurance	 Line 1: risk ownership and control: maintaining an effective risk management and control environment as part of day-to-day operations Line 2: central monitoring of key risks by subject-matter
Management, staff, volunteers, partners	Subject-matter experts and risk team	Internal and external audit	Experts and divisional functions Line 3: independent internal and external audits to test design and operating effectiveness of systems and controls	
Identify Analyrisk	ACTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY	Manage Review risk	 Risk process: all employees, partners and volunteers contribute to managing risk within their division or area of subject-matter expertise 	
Enterprise Risk Management Team			 Provide tools and methodology to support effective risk management 	

MANAGEMENT OF PRINCIPAL RISKS IN 2023

Principal risk	Risk mitigation strategy
Demand for our services We can't keep up with the demand for our services and our impact is diluted as a result.	COVID-19, conflict, climate change and the cost-of-living crisis have created conditions where we are witnessing a reversal of progress on child rights globally and in the UK. During 2023, we increased investment in fundraising and innovation to maximise our impact and we evaluated our programmes to keep learning and improving. Across the movement we strengthened our collaboration through a commitment to global priorities and systemic solutions.
Shifting the power We fail to deliver impact because we have concentrated power and resources in our own hands and not the hands of those best placed to realise children's rights.	Shifting the power is an ambitious goal for the Save the Children movement and we continued to contribute to this important transition through three key workstreams: equitable partnerships to boost and empower local capacity, child voice and participation to increase the influence and agency of children, and decolonising our communications to amplify children's stories from within their communities.
Global political climate Political issues/developments cause major rupture or undermine the Save the Children movement's relationship with a country, affecting key funding sources or our ability to speak out.	Many countries where we work are increasingly restrictive of civil activity. We work in coalition with other organisations to speak out in the UK on the restrictions we are witnessing. Across the Save the Children movement we continuously assess changes within individual countries and review our position accordingly to ensure we safeguard our ability to deliver programmes for children and their families.
Safeguarding children and families Children or adults may be harmed as a result of involvement with our activities and/or people.	In 2023, we continued to strengthen our approach to safeguarding by ensuring staff are adequately trained and by using our network of safeguarding leads to raise awareness and support teams across the organisation. We have been promoting a culture where people feel safe and confident to raise concerns and report appropriately. This means we are likely to see reporting increase, which is a measure of the strengthened control framework rather than safeguarding incidents increasing. Our incident reporting and case management system enables us to analyse and detect trends and specific issues. We have also improved our arrangements to facilitate reporting by external organisations and individuals we work with.
Programming in complex environments We face a range of risks to staff safety and security in the complex environments where we work. Such environments also bring risks of fraud, bribery, corruption and inadvertently working with (or assisting) prohibited parties.	Save the Children International delivers most of our overseas programmes and is responsible for managing operational risks in the challenging environments where we work. We work closely with Save the Children International to monitor and mitigate those risks. We take great care to ensure that staff and volunteers travelling to carry out work for us are well supported to deal with the risks that they may face. Our procedures, staff training and tailored briefings are informed by country-specific risk assessments that are continuously updated by Save the Children International. This means that we can make decisions about travel safety based on comprehensive information about the risk level. We have in place systems that enable us to keep in touch with our people and track them as they travel, and we will be strengthening these systems during 2024. Ensuring that resources are protected from fraud and corruption is becoming more and more complex as the number of proscribed terrorist groups and sanctioned entities has increased. Across the Save the Children movement, we have strengthened our anti-terrorism and sanctions compliance controls, including our ability to monitor these risks.

Great Ormond Street Hospital Children's Charity

Risk area	Net risk appetite	Guiding principles
Legal and regulatory	Zero	We will be legally compliant in all aspects of our operations, and we take a zero-tolerance approach to slavery and human trafficking.
Organisational Culture	Zero	We will have an inclusive and diverse culture where people are proud to work. We have zero tolerance for discrimination or bullying/harassment.
Data loss or unplanned / unauthorised disclosure	Zero	We will not compromise the confidentiality of personal data, including ensuring any third-party processors uphold our standards.
Fraud	Zero	We recognise that some of our activities carry a risk of fraud. We will minimise this by reviewing where fraud risk exists and how best we can eliminate, mitigate, or otherwise control this risk.
Cyber	Low	We recognise there is a cyber risk of hacking into our systems, data theft and ransomware. We will minimise this by reviewing where cyber risk exists and how best we can eliminate, mitigate, or otherwise control this risk.
Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)	Low	We will strive to maintain and improve performance regarding ESO and sustainability considerations, where relevant to the Charity's activities.
Reputation	Low	Our reputation is fundamental to realising our purpose and strategy and is integrally linked to the hospital's reputation and activities. We always aim to minimise risks to our reputation and to that of the hospital.
Advocacy	Low	We will advacate for change in line with our purpose and strategy. We accept this brings some risk, e.g., reputational, and financial, e.g., where others hold a different opinion.
Financial Sustainability	Low/ Medium	We will maintain a sustainable financial/business model that maximises charitable contribution and impact over the medium-long term with acceptable cast/income and charitable expenditure ratios. We recognise that within this model we may take moderate risks in order to realise our purpose and strategy, e.g., investment in non-cash assets, investment in fundraising, including innovation, and financing the Children's Cancer Centre.

Net Risk		High
Risk Fundraising Strategy – We are unable to deliver the full breadth of the Fundraising Strategy in significant areas of the portfolio, due to a rise in fundraising costs, key agency partners going into administration, changes in donor behaviour.	Key Risk Areas Financial Sustainability Fundraising Reputation Research and Grants Major Capital Projects	

Mitigations

- . Breadth/diversity of partfolio and priorities income projections are based on a most likely case with the potential for overperformance in some streams to counterbalance patential for underperformance in others, with regular reforecasting reported to Board.
- . Increased target set for CCC Appeal Board given success of private phase to date and investment. agreed for committed giving in 2023/2024.
- . Increased roster of third-party fundraising agencies to minimise risk. Undertaken balanced negotiations. re: 2023/2024 costs to ensure affordability for the Charity and sustainability for the agencies.
- . Fundraising portfolio review undertaken to identify alternative events and products, focus for innovation pipeline and to prioritise activities in 2025/2024 plahs.

Remaining risks

 Agencies face challenges recruiting fundraisers impacting volumes; cost of living impacts appeal response rates, supporter behaviour post-Covid continues to impact event participation; the costs of fundraising are further impacted by inflation.

Net Bisk		Medium
Risk High levels of uncertainty in the external	Key Risk Areas Financial Sustainability	

Research and Grants

Remaining risks

Major Capital Projects

environment, e.g., economic, health, political, secu- Fundraising rity factors - reduce the Charity's ability to raise income and deliver impact in line with the Organisational Strategy.

. Diversity of sources of fundaming.

Mitigations

- Significant philonthropic pledges already secured: for CCC to provide some sustainability and protection against uncertain environment, sking with increased investment in committed giving.
- . Investment in and growth of innovation team and programme, with Mission and Money workstream to explore potential for other commercial ventures and additional income streams.
- . Focus on and investment in supporter retention, to counteract challenges that might be experienced recruiting new donors.
- . Loundring Build It. Beat It. appeal in April 2023 to provide clear and compelling need for support.
- . Developing fundrarising plan for poediatric research opportunity.

. Value of legacy bequests impacted by housing: market, cost of fiving crisis impacting underlying giving corporate/trusts focusing on cost of living. couses, impact on corporates of current economic conditions.

Innovation (including digital)

Macmillan Cancer Support

2023 highlights - doing whatever it takes



What we achieved in 2023







730,000 people

Our Macmillan nurses, support workers and palliative care nurses reached approximately 730,000 people living with cancer. £310 million

We helped to identify millions in benefits through the advice provided by our Macmillan Support Line and £310 million through our local Welfare Rights Services. £226.8 million

Our supporters and fundraisers

raised an incredible £226.8 million.

The reports are also available in a number of accessible formats.

2.3 million

Our services reached and

supported an estimated 2.3

million people affected by

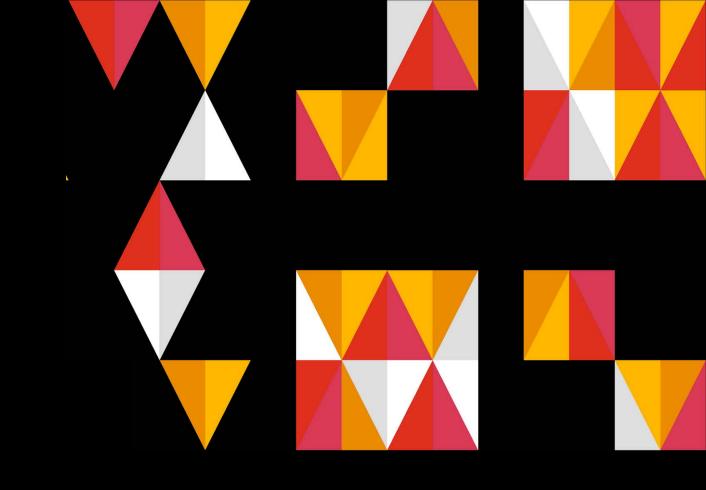
cancer.

- <u>Full Annual Report and Accounts (Plain Text)</u> Access our full report in a format that is optimised for use with screenreaders.
- Annual Report and Accounts Overview (Plain Text) Access an overview of our report in a format that is
 optimised for use with screenreaders.
- Annual Report and Accounts Overview (Welsh) Access an overview of our report in Welsh.

Cornerstones for Charity Reporting

These are our core principles for good practice charity reporting:

- Clear, Cohesive and Coherent A charity's reporting should be easy to understand. There should be a logical structure, with alignment between their strategy, achievements and impact, risks, future plans and financial review. It is also crucial for a charity to speak with 'one voice' throughout.
- Candid and in Context A charity can foster transparency through open and honest reporting. Talking about challenges as well as successes can be more authentic and provide greater credibility in telling the charity's story. Including information about the wider landscape in which the charity is operating also situates the narrative, particularly in a changing environment.
- Concise yet Comprehensive Better reporting does not mean more reporting. Being succinct can often
 require greater thought to ensure that the key messages are communicated effectively. However, it is
 important to provide a complete picture of the charity, covering all relevant aspects and going beyond
 minimum compliance.
- Compelling and Captivating Reporting that is relatable to the reader is powerful, particularly where case studies and stories are used effectively. Visuals and graphical presentations can be more appealing. The adage, 'a picture paints a thousand words', comes to the fore. An innovative mindset can help to enhance this.
- Connected and Connecting A charity's reporting should be accessible and tailored to the intended audience, whether through the use of everyday language or providing reporting in different formats. The narrative offered by a charity should also link to what it is saying elsewhere, and digital and technology can play a role in this.



Wider developments in charity reporting

Amendments to FRS 102

Background

As part of its <u>Periodic Review 2024</u>, the FRC has issued wide ranging amendments to <u>FRS 102</u> which are generally (although not exclusively) effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

These amendments include significant changes to the accounting for leases and revenue, which will broadly align with the principles of IFRS 16 and IFRS 15, respectively:



Leases:

Removal of distinction between operating and finance leases.

Lessees must recognise most leases on the balance sheet, as a right-of-use asset with a corresponding lease liability.

Minimal changes for lessors.



Revenue:

Adoption of a five-step model for revenue recognition.

Simplified guidance compared to the requirements of IFRS 15.

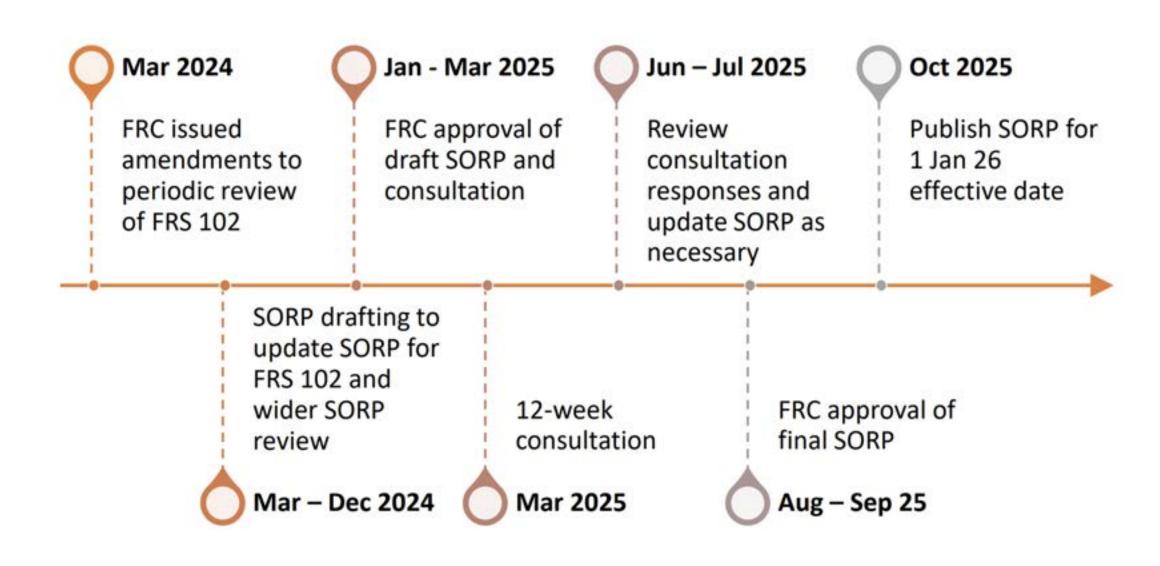
Policy choice on adjusting for the time value of money for advance payments.

What to think about now

- What, if anything, to disclose now about the impact the amendments might have in future periods, considering the requirements of paragraph 10.13 of FRS 102.
- Key customer and lease contracts how are they captured, organised and reviewed.
- Consider impacts on KPIs, system updates, and training for finance and sales teams.
- For further information on how these amended sections differ from IFRS, read our In Depths on Leases and Revenue.

Even if there is IFRS 15/16 transition experience, there are differences to consider so early preparation is key.

Charities SORP



Thank you

pwc.co.uk/charities

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